# according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) according to Regulation (EU) 2015/830



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# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### product identifiers

Article No. (manufacturer/supplier) 114-6170-1

Identification of the substance or mixture FEYCOPUR Härter 6170

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

manufacturer

FEYCOLOR GmbH

Maxhuettenstraße 6 Telephone: 0049 (0)941/60 49 7-0 93055 Regensburg Telefax: 0049 (0)941/60 49 7-30 E-mail info@feycolor.com Website: www.feycolor.com

Dept. responsible for information:

Department for dangerous goods 0049 (0)941/60 49 7-0 E-mail (competent person) sd@feycolor.com

**Emergency telephone number** 

Emergency telephone number +49 (0) 700 24 11 21 12 (FCM)

Österreichische Vergiftungsinformationszentrale +43 (0) 1406 43 43

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

The mixture is classified as hazardous according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP].

Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Flammable liquids Flammable liquid and vapour.

Acute Tox. 4 / H332 Acute toxicity (inhalative) Harmful if inhaled.

Eye Irrit. 2 / H319 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye irritation. Skin Sens. 1 / H317 Respiratory or skin sensitisation May cause an allergic skin reaction. STOT SE 3 / H335 Specific target organ toxicity (single May cause respiratory irritation.

exposure)

STOT SE 3 / H336 Specific target organ toxicity (single May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

exposure)

#### 2.2. Label elements

# Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

#### Hazard pictograms





# Warning

#### **Hazard statements**

Flammable liquid and vapour. H226

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. H317 H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

# **Precautionary statements**

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical equipment. P280 Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P304 + P340

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P405 Keep locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial incineration plant.

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#### Hazard components for labelling

1,6-Hexamethylene diisocyanate homopolymer

n-butyl acetate

hexamethylene-di-isocyanate

### Supplemental Hazard information (EU)

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. EUH204 Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

# **SECTION 3: Composition / information on ingredients**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

#### Product description / chemical characterization

**Description** Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

#### **Hazardous ingredients**

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

EC No. CAS No. INDEX No.	REACH No. Chemical name classification: // Remark	Wt %
500-060-2 28182-81-2	01-2119485796-17 1,6-Hexamethylene diisocyanate homopolymer Acute Tox. 4 H332 / Skin Sens. 1 H317 / STOT SE 3 H335	50 < 100
204-658-1 123-86-4 607-025-00-1	01-2119485493-29 n-butyl acetate Flam. Liq. 3 H226 / STOT SE 3 H336	20 < 25
205-500-4 141-78-6 607-022-00-5	01-2119475103-46 Ethyl acetate Flam. Liq. 2 H225 / Eye Irrit. 2 H319 / STOT SE 3 H336	12,5 < 20
204-658-1 123-86-4 607-025-00-1	01-2119485493-29 n-butyl acetate Flam. Liq. 3 H226 / STOT SE 3 H336	5 < 10
204-550-4 122-51-0	Triethyle orthoformiate Flam. Liq. 3 H226	1 < 5
212-485-8 822-06-0 615-011-00-1	01-2119457571-37 hexamethylene-di-isocyanate Acute Tox. 4 H302 / Acute Tox. 2 H330 / Skin Irrit. 2 H315 / Eye Irrit. 2 H319 / Resp. Sens. 1 H334 / Skin Sens. 1 H317 / STOT SE 3 H335	0,1 < 0,3

# Additional information

Full text of classification: see section 16

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### **General information**

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness give nothing by mouth, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.

#### In case of inhalation

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest. In case of irregular breathing or respiratory arrest provide artificial respiration.

### Following skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Do not use solvents or thinners.

#### After eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Seek medical advice immediately.

#### After ingestion

# according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) according to Regulation (EU) 2015/830



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If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Seek medical advice immediately. Keep victim calm. Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No special measures are necessary.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media:

alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, Powder, spray mist, (water)

#### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

strong water jet

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Dense black smoke occurs during fire. Inhaling hazardous decomposing products can cause serious health damage.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Provide a conveniently located respiratory protective device. Cool closed containers that are near the source of the fire. Do not allow water used to extinguish fire to enter drains, ground or waterways.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep away from sources of ignition. Ventilate affected area. Do not breathe vapours. See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewages, inform competent authorities in accordance with local regulations.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Isolate leaked material using non-flammable absorption agent (e.g. sand, earth, vermiculit, diatomaceous earth) and collect it for disposal in appropriate containers in accordance with the local regulations (see section 13). Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Fouled surfaces must be immediately cleaned with suitable solvents, Useable as such (flammable): water 45 vol.% ethanol or i-propanol 50 vol. % ammonia solution (density= 0.88) 5 vol.% Alternative (non-flammable): sodium carbonate 5 vol.% water 95 vol.%.

Take up spilled residuals with the same agent and leave them for a few days in unclosed containers until there is no further reaction. Then, close the containers and dispose of them in accordance with the regulations for waste removal (refer to section 13).

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Observe protective provisions (see section 7 and 8).

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

People who suffer from skin sensitazion problems, asthma, allergies, chronic or recurring respiratory illnesses should not be deployed in any process using this preparation.

People who spray this preparation should have regular pulmonary function tests.

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

#### Advices on safe handling

Avoid formation of flammable and explosive vapour concentrations in the air and exceeding the exposure limit values. Only use the material in places where open light, fire and other flammable sources can be kept away. Electrical equipment must be protected meeting the accepted standard. Product may become electrostatically charged. Provide earthing of containers, equipment, pumps and ventilation facilities. Anti-static clothing including shoes are recommended. Floors must be electrically conductive. Be careful when opening used containers (excess pressure). Precautionary measures should be taken in order to reduce strain from humidity or water: CO2 is formed which may produce excess pressure in closed containers . Keep away from heat sources, sparks and open flames. Use only spark proof tools. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not inhale dusts, particulates and spray mist when using this preparation. Avoid respiration of swarf. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Personal protection equipment: refer to section 8. Do not empty containers with pressure - no pressure vessel! Always keep in containers that correspond to the material of the original container. Follow the legal protection and safety regulations.

# Precautions against fire and explosion:

# according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) according to Regulation (EU) 2015/830

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Vapours are heavier than air. Vapours form explosive mixtures with air.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Storage in accordance with the Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSiVO). Keep container tightly closed. Do not empty containers with pressure - no pressure vessel! Smoking is forbidden. Access only for authorised persons. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks. Soils have to conform to the "Guidelines for avoidance of ignition hazards due to electrostatic charges (TRBS 2153)".

#### Hints on joint storage

Keep away from strongly acidic and alkaline materials as well as oxidizers. Keep away from amines, alcohols and water.

#### Further information on storage conditions

Take care of instructions on label. Store in a well-ventilated and dry room at temperatures between 15 °C and 30 °C. Protect from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Remove all sources of ignition. Smoking is forbidden. Access only for authorised persons. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Observe technical data sheet.

#### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

People who suffer from skin sensitazion problems, asthma, allergies, chronic or recurring respiratory illnesses should not be deployed in any process using this preparation.

People who spray this preparation should have regular pulmonary function tests.

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limit values:

n-butyl acetate

INDEX No. 607-025-00-1 / EC No. 204-658-1 / CAS No. 123-86-4

MEL/OES, TWA: 724 mg/m3; 150 ppm MEL/OES, STEL: 966 mg/m3; 200 ppm

Ethyl acetate

INDEX No. 607-022-00-5 / EC No. 205-500-4 / CAS No. 141-78-6

WEL, TWA: 730 mg/m3; 200 ppm WEL, STEL: 1460 mg/m3; 400 ppm

n-butyl acetate

INDEX No. 607-025-00-1 / EC No. 204-658-1 / CAS No. 123-86-4

MEL/OES, TWA: 724 mg/m3; 150 ppm MEL/OES, STEL: 966 mg/m3; 200 ppm

#### **Additional information**

TWA: long-term occupational exposure limit value STEL: short-term occupational exposure limit value

Ceiling: peak limitation

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Provide good ventilation. This can be achieved with local or room suction. When spraying, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. For other tasks a suitable respiratory system must be used, if local and room suction is not sufficient for keeping aerosol and solvent vapour concentration below the exposure limit values. (refer to Personal protection equipment.)

### Occupational exposure controls

# Respiratory protection

If concentration of solvents is beyond the occupational exposure limit values, approved and suitable respiratory protection must be used. Observe the wear time limits according GefStoffV in combination with the rules for using respiratory protection apparatus (BGR 190). Use only respiratory protection equipment with CE-symbol including four digit test number.

#### Hand protection

For prolonged or repeated handling the following glove material must be used: NBR (Nitrile rubber)

Thickness of the glove material 0,7 mm; Breakthrough time (maximum wearing time) 60 min.

Observe the instructions and details for use, storage, maintenance and replacement provided by the protective glove manufacturer. Penetration time of glove material depending on intensity and duration of exposure to skin. Recommended glove articles DIN EN 374

Barrier creams can help protecting exposed skin areas. In no case should they be used after contact.

# Eye protection

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Wear closely fitting protective glasses in case of splashes.

#### Protective clothing

Wear antistatic clothing of natural fibers (cotton) or heat resistant synthetic fibers.

#### **Protective measures**

After contact clean skin thoroughly with water and soap or use appropriate cleanser.

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. See chapter 7. No additional measures necessary.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance:

Physical state: Colour: refer to label Odour: characteristic **Odour threshold:** not applicable

pH at20 °C: n.a.

Melting point/freezing point: not applicable

77 °C Initial boiling point and boiling range:

Source: Ethyl acetate

27 °C Flash point:

**Evaporation rate:** not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas):

not applicable Burning time (s):

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:

Lower explosion limit: 3 Vol-% **Upper explosion limit:** 10,4 Vol-%

Source: n-butyl acetate

Vapour pressure at20 °C: 3,074 mbar Vapour density: not applicable

Relative density:

Density at 20 °C: 1,03 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Solubility(ies):

Water solubility (g/L) at20 °C: insoluble Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: see section 12

180 °C **Auto-ignition temperature:** 

Source: Triethyle orthoformiate

**Decomposition temperature:** not applicable Viscosity at 20 °C: > 11 s 4 mm Method: DIN 53211

not applicable

**Explosive properties:** Oxidising properties: not applicable

9.2. Other information

Solid content (%): 60 Wt %

solvent content:

Organic solvents: 40.50 Wt % Water: 0.00 Wt %

Solvent separation test (%): < 3 Wt % (ADR/RID)

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

Reacts with water, forming carbon dioxide, producing bursting hazard in closed containers due to build-up of pressure.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

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Stable when applying the recommended regulations for storage and handling. Further information on correct storage: refer to section 7.

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#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Keep away from strong acids, strong bases and strong oxidizing agents to avoid exothermic reactions. Reacts with water, forming carbon dioxide, producing bursting hazard in closed containers due to build-up of pressure.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable when applying the recommended regulations for storage and handling. Further information on correct storage: refer to section 7. Hazardous decomposition byproducts may form with exposure to high temperatures.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

No information available.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition byproducts may form with exposure to high temperatures, e.g.: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, smoke, nitrogen oxides.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

No data on preparation itself available.

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity, calculated:

ATEmix calculated, inhalative (vapours): 19 mg/l

### **Acute toxicity**

n-butyl acetate

oral, LD50, Rat:

oral, LD50, Rat: 14000 mg/kg

inhalative (vapours), LC50, Rat: > 21 mg/l (4 h)

1,6-Hexamethylene diisocyanate homopolymer

inhalative (vapours), LC50, Rat: (4 h)

Harmful if inhaled.

#### skin corrosion/irritation; Serious eye damage/eye irritation

n-butyl acetate

Skin (4 h)

# Respiratory or skin sensitisation

1,6-Hexamethylene diisocyanate homopolymer

Skin:

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

#### CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Specific target organ toxicity

n-butyl acetate

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure):

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), drowsiness:

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

1,6-Hexamethylene diisocyanate homopolymer

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Irritation:

May cause respiratory irritation.

#### Practical experience/human evidence

#### Other observations:

Inhaling of solvent components above the MWC-value can lead to health damage, e.g. irritation of the mucous membrane and respiratory organs, as well as damage to the liver, kidneys and the central nerve system. Indications for this are: headache, dizziness, fatigue, amyosthenia, drowsiness, in serious cases: unconsciousness. Solvents may cause some of the aforementioned effects through skin resorption. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and/or absorption through skin. Splashing may cause eye irritation and reversible damage.Because of the isocyanate components' properties of this and with consideration of similar preparations the following applies:This mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of airways which lead to

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tightness in thorax, short-breath and asthmatic complaints. After sensitization even concentrations below the exposure limit values may cause asthma. Repeated inhaling can lead to permanent illness of the respiratory tract.

#### **Overall Assessment on CMR properties**

The ingredients in this mixture do not meet the criteria for classification as CMR category 1A or 1B according to CLP.

#### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### overall evaluation

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

There is no information available on the preparation itself.

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Toxicological data are not available.

#### Long-term Ecotoxicity

Toxicological data are not available.

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

No information available.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No information available.

#### **Bioconcentration factor (BCF)**

No information available.

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No information available.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

No information available.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

#### Appropriate disposal / Product

#### Recommendation

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Waste disposal according to directive 2008/98/EC, covering waste and dangerous waste.

#### List of proposed waste codes/waste designations in accordance with EWC

080111 Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

packaging

### Recommendation

Non-contaminated packages may be recycled. Vessels not properly emptied are special waste.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.1. UN number

UN 1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Land transport (ADR/RID): Paint related material

Sea transport (IMDG): PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR): Paint related material

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

3

14.4. Packing group

Ш

14.5. Environmental hazards

Land transport (ADR/RID) not applicable

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Marine pollutant not applicable

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Transport always in closed, upright and safe containers. Make sure that persons transporting the product know what to do in case of an accident or leakage.

Advices on safe handling: see parts 6 - 8

#### **Further information**

### Land transport (ADR/RID)

tunnel restriction code D/E

Sea transport (IMDG)

EmS-No. F-E, S-E

### Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

not applicable

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### **EU** legislation

# Directive 2010/75/EU on industrial emissions

VOC-value (in g/L): 418

#### **National regulations**

#### **Restrictions of occupation**

Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers. Observe restrictions to employment for juvenils according to the 'juvenile work protection guideline' (94/33/EC).

# Other regulations, restrictions and prohibition regulations

#### 15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

For the following substances of this preparation a chemical safety assessment has been carried out:

EC No. CAS No.	Chemical name	REACH No.
500-060-2 28182-81-2	1,6-Hexamethylene diisocyanate homopolymer	01-2119485796-17
204-658-1 123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	01-2119485493-29
205-500-4 141-78-6	Ethyl acetate	01-2119475103-46
204-658-1 123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	01-2119485493-29
212-485-8 822-06-0	hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	01-2119457571-37

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

### Full text of classification in section 3:

Acute Tox. 4 / H332	Acute toxicity (inhalative)	Harmful if inhaled.
Skin Sens. 1 / H317	Respiratory or skin sensitisation	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
STOT SE 3 / H335	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	May cause respiratory irritation.
Flam. Liq. 3 / H226	Flammable liquids	Flammable liquid and vapour.
STOT SE 3 / H336	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Flam. Liq. 2 / H225	Flammable liquids	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Eye Irrit. 2 / H319	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.
Acute Tox. 4 / H302	Acute toxicity (oral)	Harmful if swallowed.
Acute Tox. 2 / H330	Acute toxicity (inhalative)	Fatal if inhaled.
Skin Irrit. 2 / H315	skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.
Resp. Sens. 1 / H334	Respiratory or skin sensitisation	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or

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breathing difficulties if inhaled.

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#### Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

AGW (WEL) Occupational Exposure Limit Value

CAS Chemicals Abstract Service

CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging CMR Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic

DNEL Derived No-Effect Level

IATA-DGR International Air Transport Association – Dangerous Goods Regulations

ICAO-TI International Civil Aviation Organization Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous

Goods by Air

IMDG Code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

PBT persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration

REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

RID Règlement concernant le transport international ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses

(Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

UN United Nations LC Lethal Concentration

LD Lethal Dose

VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative

#### **Further information**

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

The information supplied on this safety data sheet complies with our current level of knowledge as well as with national and EU regulations. Without written approval, the product must not be used for purposes different from those mentioned in chapter 1. It is always the user's duty to take any necessary measures for meeting the requirements laid down by local rules and regulations. The details in this safety data sheet describe the safety requirements of our product and are not to be regarded as guaranteed attributes of the product.