Article Print o /ersio		2018 Re	YCARBON Härter HS 4 vision date: 13.07.2018 ue date: 12.07.2018		999998 EN Page 1 / 9	FEYCOLOR
SEC	TION 1: Identifica	tion of the su	bstance/mixture and	of the company/u	ndertaking	
1.1.	product identifiers	;				
	Article No. (manufa Identification of the		ixture FEYC norma	ARBON Härter HS 42	20	
1.2.	Relevant identified	l uses of the su	ubstance or mixture an	d uses advised aga	inst	
	Relevant identified Hardener	l uses:				
1.3.	Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet					
	manufacturer					
	FEYCOLOR GmbH					
	Maxhuettenstraße 6	6		none: 0049 (0)941/60		
	93055 Regensburg			x: 0049 (0)941/60 49	7-30	
				info@feycolor.com	_	
	<b>D</b>			te: www.feycolor.com	1	
	Dept. responsible			0)044/00 40 7 0		
	Department for dan E-mail (competent p	0 0		0)941/60 49 7-0 cycolor.com		
		,	Sullie	ycolor.com		
1.4.	Emergency teleph		+40.00			
	Emergency telepho Österreichische Ver			)) 700 24 11 21 12 (F) )) 1406 43 43		
	Osterreichische ver	gitungsimorma		1400 43 43		

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

## Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

The mixture is classified as hazardous according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP].

Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Acute Tox. 4 / H332	Flammable liquids Acute toxicity (inhalative)	Flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if inhaled.
Skin Sens. 1 / H317	Respiratory or skin sensitisation	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
STOT SE 3 / H335	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	May cause respiratory irritation.
STOT SE 3 / H336	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

## 2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] Hazard pictograms



Warning

# Hazard statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

## Precautionary statements

Frecautionaly states	nents
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P405	Keep locked up.

## Hazard components for labelling

1,6-Hexamethylene diisocyanate homopolymer n-butyl acetate



Article No.:	114-4202	FEYCARBON Härter HS 420		
Print date:	21.11.2018	Revision date: 13.07.2018	999998 EN	
Version:	1.3	Issue date: 12.07.2018	Page 2 / 9	

#### 2-butoxyethyl acetate

### Supplemental Hazard information (EU)

EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
EUH204	Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

#### **SECTION 3: Composition / information on ingredients**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

## Product description / chemical characterization

**Description** Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

#### Hazardous ingredients

EC No.	REACH No.	
CAS No.	Chemical name	Wt %
INDEX No.	classification // Remark	
500-060-2	01-2119485796-17	
28182-81-2	1,6-Hexamethylene diisocyanate homopolymer	50 < 100
	Acute Tox. 4 H332 / Skin Sens. 1 H317 / STOT SE 3 H335	
204-658-1	01-2119485493-29	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	20 < 25
607-025-00-1	Flam. Liq. 3 H226 / STOT SE 3 H336	
203-603-9	01-2119475791-29	
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	12,5 < 20
607-195-00-7	Flam. Liq. 3 H226	
203-933-3	01-2119475112-47	
112-07-2	2-butoxyethyl acetate	5 < 10
607-038-00-2	Acute Tox. 4 H302 / Acute Tox. 4 H312 / Acute Tox. 4 H332	

#### Additional information

Full text of classification: see section 16

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### **General information**

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness give nothing by mouth, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.

#### In case of inhalation

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest. In case of irregular breathing or respiratory arrest provide artificial respiration.

#### Following skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Do not use solvents or thinners.

### After eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Seek medical advice immediately.

#### After ingestion

If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Seek medical advice immediately. Keep victim calm. Do NOT induce vomiting.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No special measures are necessary.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Article No.:	114-4202	FEYCARBON Härter HS 420
Print date:	21.11.2018	Revision date: 13.07.2018
Version:	1.3	Issue date: 12.07.2018

999998 EN Page 3 / 9 **FEYCOLOR**<sup>®</sup>

### Suitable extinguishing media:

alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, Powder, spray mist, (water)

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons: strong water jet

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Dense black smoke occurs during fire. Inhaling hazardous decomposing products can cause serious health damage.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Provide a conveniently located respiratory protective device. Cool closed containers that are near the source of the fire. Do not allow water used to extinguish fire to enter drains, ground or waterways.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep away from sources of ignition. Ventilate affected area. Do not breathe vapours.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewages, inform competent authorities in accordance with local regulations.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Isolate leaked material using non-flammable absorption agent (e.g. sand, earth, vermiculit, diatomaceous earth) and collect it for disposal in appropriate containers in accordance with the local regulations (see section 13). Clean using cleansing agents. Do not use solvents.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Observe protective provisions (see section 7 and 8).

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

#### Advices on safe handling

Avoid formation of flammable and explosive vapour concentrations in the air and exceeding the exposure limit values. Only use the material in places where open light, fire and other flammable sources can be kept away. Electrical equipment must be protected meeting the accepted standard. Product may become electrostatically charged. Provide earthing of containers, equipment, pumps and ventilation facilities. Anti-static clothing including shoes are recommended. Floors must be electrically conductive. Keep away from heat sources, sparks and open flames. Use only spark proof tools. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not inhale dusts, particulates and spray mist when using this preparation. Avoid respiration of swarf. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Personal protection equipment: refer to section 8. Do not empty containers with pressure - no pressure vessel! Always keep in containers that correspond to the material of the original container. Follow the legal protection and safety regulations.

#### Precautions against fire and explosion:

Vapours are heavier than air. Vapours form explosive mixtures with air.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Storage in accordance with the Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSiVO). Keep container tightly closed. Do not empty containers with pressure - no pressure vessel! Smoking is forbidden. Access only for authorised persons. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks. Soils have to conform to the "Guidelines for avoidance of ignition hazards due to electrostatic charges (TRBS 2153)".

#### Hints on joint storage

Keep away from strongly acidic and alkaline materials as well as oxidizers.

#### Further information on storage conditions

Take care of instructions on label. Store in a well-ventilated and dry room at temperatures between 15 °C and 30 °C. Protect from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Remove all sources of ignition. Smoking is forbidden. Access only for authorised persons. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Observe technical data sheet.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters Occupational exposure limit values:



Article No.:	114-4202	FEYCARBON Härter HS 420
Print date:	21.11.2018	Revision date: 13.07.2018
Version:	1.3	Issue date: 12.07.2018

999998 EN Page 4 / 9

#### n-butyl acetate

INDEX No. 607-025-00-1 / EC No. 204-658-1 / CAS No. 123-86-4 MEL/OES, TWA: 724 mg/m3; 150 ppm MEL/OES, STEL: 966 mg/m3; 200 ppm 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate INDEX No. 607-195-00-7 / EC No. 203-603-9 / CAS No. 108-65-6 WEL, TWA: 274 mg/m3; 50 ppm WEL, STEL: 548 mg/m3; 100 ppm

2-butoxyethyl acetate INDEX No. 607-038-00-2 / EC No. 203-933-3 / CAS No. 112-07-2 WEL, TWA: 133 mg/m3; 20 ppm

WEL, STEL: 332 mg/m3; 50 ppm Remark: (May be absorbed through the skin.)

### Additional information

TWA : long-term occupational exposure limit value STEL : short-term occupational exposure limit value Ceiling : peak limitation

### 8.2. Exposure controls

Provide good ventilation. This can be achieved with local or room suction. If this should not be sufficient to keep aerosol and solvent vapour concentration below the exposure limit values, a suitable respiratory protection must be used.

#### Occupational exposure controls

#### **Respiratory protection**

If concentration of solvents is beyond the occupational exposure limit values, approved and suitable respiratory protection must be used. Observe the wear time limits according GefStoffV in combination with the rules for using respiratory protection apparatus (BGR 190). Use only respiratory protection equipment with CE-symbol including four digit test number.

#### Hand protection

For prolonged or repeated handling the following glove material must be used: NBR (Nitrile rubber)

Thickness of the glove material 0,7 mm; Breakthrough time (maximum wearing time) 60 min.

Observe the instructions and details for use, storage, maintenance and replacement provided by the protective glove manufacturer. Penetration time of glove material depending on intensity and duration of exposure to skin. Recommended glove articles DIN EN 374

Barrier creams can help protecting exposed skin areas. In no case should they be used after contact.

#### Eye protection

Wear closely fitting protective glasses in case of splashes.

### **Protective clothing**

Wear antistatic clothing of natural fibers (cotton) or heat resistant synthetic fibers.

#### Protective measures

After contact clean skin thoroughly with water and soap or use appropriate cleanser.

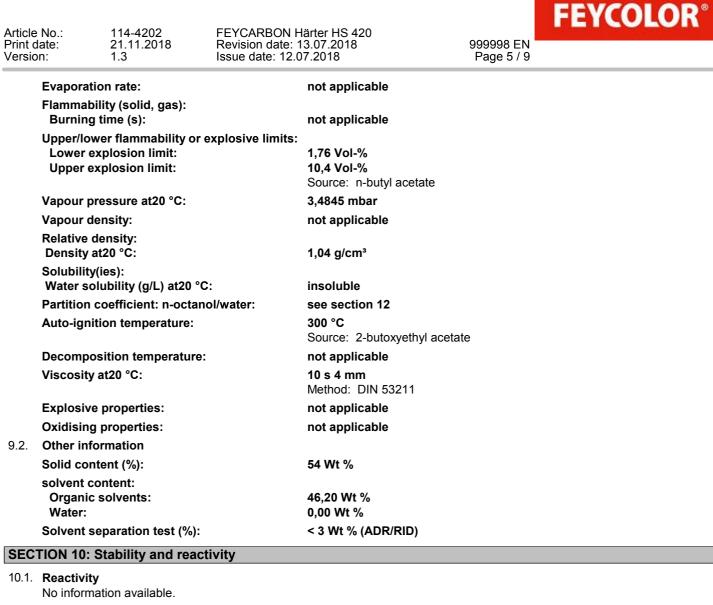
#### Environmental exposure controls

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. See chapter 7. No additional measures necessary.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance: Physical state: Colour:	Liquid refer to label
Odour:	characteristic
Odour threshold:	not applicable
pH at20 °C:	n.a.
Melting point/freezing point:	not applicable
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	124 °C
	Source: n-butyl acetate
Flash point:	27 °C



#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable when applying the recommended regulations for storage and handling. Further information on correct storage: refer to section 7.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Keep away from strong acids, strong bases and strong oxidizing agents to avoid exothermic reactions.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Hazardous decomposition byproducts may form with exposure to high temperatures.

- 10.5. **Incompatible materials** No information available.
- 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition byproducts may form with exposure to high temperatures, e.g.: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, smoke, nitrogen oxides.

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] No data on preparation itself available.

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity, calculated:

ATEmix calculated, oral: > 5000 mg/kg ATEmix calculated, dermal: > 5000 mg/kg ATEmix calculated, inhalative (vapours): > 20 mg/l

#### Acute toxicity



Article No.:	114-4202	FEYCARBON Härter HS 420
Print date:	21.11.2018	Revision date: 13.07.2018
Version:	1.3	Issue date: 12.07.2018

999998 EN Page 6 / 9

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate dermal, LD50, Rabbit: > 5000 mg/kg inhalative (dust and mist), LC50, Rat: 35,7 mg/l (4 h) inhalative (vapours), LC50:, Rat: > 23,5 mg/kg (6 h)

n-butyl acetate

oral, LD50, Rat: 14000 mg/kg inhalative (vapours), LC50, Rat: > 21 mg/l (4 h)

1,6-Hexamethylene diisocyanate homopolymer inhalative (vapours), LC50, Rat: (4 h) Harmful if inhaled.

2-butoxyethyl acetate oral, LD50, Rat:

## skin corrosion/irritation; Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

1,6-Hexamethylene diisocyanate homopolymer

Skin:

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

### CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Specific target organ toxicity

n-butyl acetate Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), drowsiness: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

1,6-Hexamethylene diisocyanate homopolymer Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Irritation: May cause respiratory irritation.

#### Practical experience/human evidence

Other observations:

Inhaling of solvent components above the MWC-value can lead to health damage, e.g. irritation of the mucous membrane and respiratory organs, as well as damage to the liver, kidneys and the central nerve system. Indications for this are: headache, dizziness, fatigue, amyosthenia, drowsiness, in serious cases: unconsciousness. Solvents may cause some of the aforementioned effects through skin resorption. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and/or absorption through skin. Splashing may cause eye irritation and reversible damage.

#### **Overall Assessment on CMR properties**

The ingredients in this mixture do not meet the criteria for classification as CMR category 1A or 1B according to CLP.

#### Remark

There is no information available on the preparation itself .

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### overall evaluation

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] There is no information available on the preparation itself . Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

## 12.1. Toxicity

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Fish toxicity, LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout): > 134 mg/l (96 h) Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): 408 mg/l (48 h) Fish toxicity, LC50:: 161 mg/l (96 h)

# Long-term Ecotoxicity

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Fish toxicity, NOEC, Oryzias latipes (Ricefish): 47,5 mg/l (14 d) Daphnia toxicity, NOEC, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): > 100 mg/l (21 h)

	FEYCOLOR®	
8 EN		

A	N	444 4000		to a 110, 400	FEYCOLOR®	
Article Print c Versic	date:	114-4202 21.11.2018 1.3	FEYCARBON Hä Revision date: 13 Issue date: 12.07	.07.2018	999998 EN Page 7 / 9	
12.2.		nce and degradab	ility			
12.3.		mulative potential				
	2-methox	ky-1-methylethyl act	etate			
	Bioconc	entration factor (B	CF)			
	No inform	nation available.				
12.4.	Mobility No inforn	<b>in soil</b> nation available.				
12.5.	Results	of PBT and vPvB a	assessment			
	The subs	tances in the mixtu	re do not meet the PB	T/vPvB criteria a	according to REACH, annex XIII.	
12.6.	Other adverse effects No information available.					
SEC	TION 13:	Disposal consid	lerations			
13.1.	Waste tr	eatment methods				
Appropriate disposal / Product Recommendation Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. This material and						
	disposal according to directive 2008/98/EC, covering waste and dangerous waste. List of proposed waste codes/waste designations in accordance with EWC					
		080111 Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances				
		nendation	s may be recycled. Ve	ssels not proper	ly emptied are special waste.	
SEC	TION 14:	Transport inform	nation			
14.1.	UN num	ber				
			ι	JN 1263		
14.2.	Land tran Sea trans	<b>er shipping name</b> nsport (ADR/RID): sport (IMDG): port (ICAO-TI / IATA	F	Paint related mat PAINT RELATED Paint related mat	DMATERIAL	
14.3.	-	rt hazard class(es				
	-	-	3	3		
14.4.	Packing	group				
14 5	Environ	nental hazards	I	II		
14.3.			r	ot applicable		
	Marine p	nsport (ADR/RID)		not applicable not applicable		
14.6						
14.0.	<b>Special precautions for user</b> Transport always in closed, upright and safe containers. Make sure that persons transporting the product know what to do in case of an accident or leakage. Advices on safe handling: see parts 6 - 8					
	Further i	nformation				
	Land tra	nsport (ADR/RID)				
	tunnel re	striction code	Γ	D/E		
	<b>Sea tran</b> EmS-No.	sport (IMDG)	F	E, S-E		
				_, U L		
	Air trans	port (ICAO-TI / IAT	A-DGK)			

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code



Article No.:	114-4202	FEYCARBON Härter HS 420		
Print date:	21.11.2018	Revision date: 13.07.2018	999998 EN	
Version:	1.3	Issue date: 12.07.2018	Page 8 / 9	

#### not applicable

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### **EU** legislation

# Directive 2010/75/EU on industrial emissions

VOC-value (in g/L): 477

# National regulations

#### **Restrictions of occupation**

Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers. Observe restrictions to employment for juvenils according to the 'juvenile work protection guideline' (94/33/EC).

## Other regulations, restrictions and prohibition regulations

## 15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

## For the following substances of this preparation a chemical safety assessment has been carried out:

EC No.	Chemical name	REACH No.
CAS No.		
500-060-2 28182-81-2	1,6-Hexamethylene diisocyanate homopolymer	01-2119485796-17
204-658-1	n-butyl acetate	01-2119485493-29
123-86-4		
203-603-9	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	01-2119475791-29
108-65-6		
203-933-3	2-butoxyethyl acetate	01-2119475112-47
112-07-2		

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Full text of classific	ation in section 3:			
Acute Tox. 4 / H332	Acute toxicity (inhalative)	Harmful if inhaled.		
Skin Sens. 1 / H317	Respiratory or skin sensitisation	May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
STOT SE 3 / H335	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	May cause respiratory irritation.		
Flam. Liq. 3 / H226	Flammable liquids	Flammable liquid and vapour.		
STOT SE 3 / H336	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.		
Acute Tox. 4 / H302	Acute toxicity (oral)	Harmful if swallowed.		
Acute Tox. 4 / H312	Acute toxicity (dermal)	Harmful in contact with skin.		
Abbreviations and a	acronyms			
ADR	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European			
	Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)			
AGW (WEL)	Occupational Exposure Limit Value			
CAS	Chemicals Abstract Service			
CLP	Classification, Labelling and Packaging			
CMR	Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic			
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level			
IATA-DGR	International Air Transport Association – Dangerous Goods Regulations			
ICAO-TI International Civil Aviation Organization Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Da				
	Goods by Air			
IMDG Code	International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods	3		
PBT	persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic			
PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration			
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals			
RID	Règlement concernant le transport international ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses			
	(Regulations concerning the International Carriag	e of Dangerous Goods by Rail)		
UN	United Nations			
LC	Lethal Concentration			
LD	Lethal Dose			
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds			
vPvB	very persistent and very bioaccumulative			



Article No.:	114-4202	FEYCARBON Härter HS 420
Print date:	21.11.2018	Revision date: 13.07.2018
Version:	1.3	Issue date: 12.07.2018

999998 EN Page 9 / 9

## **Further information**

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

The information supplied on this safety data sheet complies with our current level of knowledge as well as with national and EU regulations. Without written approval, the product must not be used for purposes different from those mentioned in chapter 1. It is always the user's duty to take any necessary measures for meeting the requirements laid down by local rules and regulations. The details in this safety data sheet describe the safety requirements of our product and are not to be regarded as guaranteed attributes of the product.